METALLIC FORMWORK SYSTEM FOR MOLDING CONCRETE

3

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

- The present invention relates to a metallic formwork used 6 for molding concrete in construction works and substructures. Specifically, the invention is easily operated and suitable for many uses within a modular
- 9 environment that allows interconnection through a range of metallic accessories. More specifically, these metallic formworks are modules formed from steel sheets with
- 12 reinforcements having dimensions according to any desired requirements. The formworks of the present invention are selectively positioned and interconnected adjacent to each
- 15 other to selectively shape concrete in walls or partition walls.

The formwork of the present invention is made from steel 18 sheets (2mm to 3mm thick) and the modules formed therefrom can have a weight of up to 43 kg and dimensions varying from 5cm to 80cm in width and 20cm to 240cm in height, with

21 increasing scales of 5cm among different sizes.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The metallic formwork of the present invention is a 24 lightweight, portable and easy to use system. The basic module of the system is designed to weight not more than 25 Kg, although modules having dimensions of 240 cm X 60 cm 27 can weight up to 43 kg and still be easily handled by any person.

According to an aspect of the invention, the metallic formwork modules provide a visible smooth finish or texture

3 to the concrete walls.

21

24

According to another aspect of the invention, the metallic formwork modules can be built in different sizes with different measurements to provide irregular-sized modules when needed.

In accordance to a further aspect of the invention, the 9 metallic formwork modules are manually installed without the need of expensive and heavy equipment and crane towers.

According to one aspect of the invention, the system is 12 easily transported to the construction site due to its boxlike configuration.

According to an aspect of the invention, the metallic 15 formwork modules are designed in accordance to earthquake resistant regulations.

According to a further aspect of the invention, the system 18 avoids unwanted waste materials and debris.

According to another aspect of the invention, the system allows controlling the use of construction tools and materials.

According to a still further aspect of the invention, the system is designed to be re-used due to its metallic construction.

In accordance to an aspect of the invention, the metallic formwork system reduces construction costs and storage 27 space.

According to another aspect of the invention, the versatility of the system allows it to be used in residential and commercial sites.

According to one aspect of the invention, the metallic formwork modules can be easily washed and cleaned after being used.

BRIED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

3

6

These and other aspects and advantages of the formwork of

9 the present invention are more apparent from the following
detailed description and claims, particularly when
considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings,

12 in which:

- Figure 1 shows the basic arrangement of the metallic modules forming the formwork according to the invention;
- 15 Figure 2 shows an L-shaped angular metallic accessory that allows external turn between adjacent modules according to the invention;
- 18 Figure 3 shows a corner cupboard-type box accessory that allows internal turn between adjacent modules according to the invention;
- 21 Figure 4 (a-e) shows a plurality of metallic accessories used to assemble the formwork according to the invention;
- Figure 5 shows an exemplary formwork arrangement having
 24 formwork modules in parallel according to the invention;
 - Figure 6 shows formwork modules in parallel separated by a distancing element according to the invention;

- Figure 7 shows a formwork module aligning arrangement according to the invention;
- 3 Figure 8 shows a joining element securing adjacent formwork modules according to the invention;
- Figure 9 shows a formwork module having V-shaped 6 reinforcing metallic elements according to the invention;
- Figure 10 shows a perspective view of a formwork module's
 back surface having V-shaped reinforcing metallic elements
 9 according to the invention;
- Figure 11 shows another perspective view of a formwork module's front flat surface according to the invention; and
- 12 Figure 12 shows a fixed securing element according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- 15 Figure 1 shows a metallic formwork arrangement according to the present invention. A modular frame 10 comprises a rectangular-shaped steel sheet 11 longitudinally surrounded
- 18 on its sides by metallic side members 12 and on its top and bottom sides by metallic top and bottom members 13, respectively as shown in Figure 11. Angular cuts are formed
- 21 at the corners of said modular frame 10 where an end of a metallic side member 12 meets an end of a metallic member 13 as shown in Figures 1, 5 and 6.
- 24 Each metallic side member 12 comprises a plurality of equally spaced holes 14 across its length. The modular frame 10 is reinforced with V-shaped metallic reinforcing
- 27 elements 15 extending from the top side to the bottom side

as shown in Figure 9. It is further reinforced with struts

16 longitudinally extending from side to side and
3 perpendicular to said V-shaped metallic reinforcing elements 15 as shown in Figures 1 and 10.

Figure 2 shows an L-shaped angular accessory 17 having an angular profile. This accessory acts as a coupling element that allows angular interconnection between external formwork modules to form concrete corners as shown in 9 Figure 1. L-shaped accessory 17 is a metallic accessory having the same length as the formwork module 10 and also comprises a plurality of equally spaced holes on its sides 12 and distributed across its length.

Figure 3 shows another metallic formwork accessory of the present invention. An internal corner element 28 comprises 15 a box-type metallic frame that allows angular interconnection between internal formwork modules to form concrete corners as shown in Figure 1. The corner element 18 28 has metallic walls 29 and 30 comprising a plurality of equally spaced holes on its surfaces and distributed across its length to facilitate passage of pins as will be shown

21

30

later.

The metallic formwork arrangement of the invention comprises formwork modules connected in parallel and having 24 a distance e between the parallel-connected modules as shown in Figure 5, where the space provided by distance e is filled with concrete to form walls or partition walls in 27 a building or structure. These parallel-connected modules are coupled and secured to each other by distancing elements 18 shown in Figure 4c, made of metallic sheet from

5 cm to 120 cm and having on its ends holes 10 (10 mm

diameter) that allow tight passage of a rod-shaped hook or pin 20 having an angular folded end as shown in Figure 4b. previously mentioned, this distancing element

selectively regulates the space between two parallelconnected modules.

3

6 Once two modules are installed, an alignment element 21 comprising a metallic U-shaped element of variable length is provided to vertically align the modules and provide

9 structural stability and rigidity to the same as shown in Figures 4d and 5. A U-shaped gripping press 22 shown in Figure 4e, is used to longitudinally secure said alignment

element 21 against the width of said metallic formwork 12 modules as illustrated in Figures 1 and 5. The gripping press 22 comprises a manually-rotated screw 23 structurally

15 coupled to said press 22 and a pair of metallic hooks 24 extending away from said gripping press 22 as shown in Figure 4e. In operation, the U-shaped alignment element 21

18 is placed inside the U-shaped gripping press 22 and then hooks 24 are inserted into holes 14 provided on metallic side members 12. When the screw 23 is rotated, alignment

21 element 21 is pressed against the metallic formwork modules as shown in Figures 1, 5 and 7.

Laterally-adjacent modules are complementary secured to 24 each other by a linking element 25 shown in Figure 4a, comprising a rectangular metallic sheet having an axial receiving slot. The linking element 25 has an angular 27 folding configuration and further comprises a welded rod 27 having a folded end. When two modules are positioned sideby-side, their respective metallic side members 12 being in

30 close proximity to each other are inserted into the axial receiving slot and rod 27 is inserted into holes 14 to secure the modules against each other as shown in Figure 8.

- 3 As shown in Figures 1, 5, 6 and 12, a locking element 40 is fixedly provided on the corners of the formwork modules for receiving and securing a pin 20 used to secure the
- 6 distancing element 18 to said formwork modules.

 Specifically, the locking element 40 is provided with a slot for receiving and latching a folded end of said pin
- 9 20. The other end of pin 20 is simultaneously inserted into hole 19 of said distancing element 18 and hole 14 of said side member 12 as shown in Figure 6. This locking
- 12 arrangement ensures that the concrete remains inside the parallel-connected formwork modules when the concrete is being molded.
- 15 The metallic formwork modules of the present invention can be manually installed in accordance to the following general steps:
- 18 1. Apply a demoulding material to the surfaces of the modules;
 - Assemble the formwork modules in accordance with the construction requirements;

21

- Install and secure the L-shaped angular accessory 17 to adjacent modules as needed;
- 4. Install the linking elements 25 ensuring the metallic side members 12 are inserted into the axial receiving slot and that rod 27 is inserted into holes 14 to secure the modules against each other;

- 5. Install the distancing elements 18 to position the formwork modules in parallel by inserting one end of pin 20 into holes 19 of the distancing elements and securing the other end of the pin 20 with the locking element 40; and
- 6 6. Adjusting alignment element 21 against the formwork modules with the gripping press 22 to vertically align the modules and provide structural stability and rigidity to the same prior to pouring the concrete into the parallel-connected formwork modules arrangement.
- 12 The flat surfaces of the metallic formwork modules are coated with a demoulding material prior to pouring the concrete to prevent said concrete from adhering to said
- 15 flat surfaces. The surfaces are easily pressure-washed once the concrete filing process is finished.

The rigidity and integrity of the system is ensured by the 18 installation of pins into the appropriate holes provided for securing the distancing elements to the modules.

These modules can be made in sizes of 240 cm in height and
21 from 5 to 80 cm in width. The internal corner modules and
the L-shaped angular accessories can have lengths of from
20 to 240 cm. The formwork module's weight based on the
24 selected dimensions can very from 3 kg (5 X 120 cm) to 43

kg (60 X 240 cm).

Because many varying and differing embodiments maybe made

27 within the scope of the inventive concept herein taught and
because many modifications may be made in the embodiment
herein detailed in accordance with the descriptive

requirement of the law, it is to be understood that the details herein are to be interpreted as illustrative and 3 not in a limiting sense.